# **STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES**

#### REGARDING

## THE SUFFERING PEOPLE OF NORTH KOREA AND THE THREATS POSED BY ITS REGIME TO WORLD SECURITY

#### FOREWORD

This Statement of Principles by concerned American religious, human rights, security, social, and civil leaders reflects our deep concern for the widespread denial of basic human rights to suffering people of North Korea – and for the North Korean refugees whose right to lawful treatment is now being systematically denied.

#### FACTS

The current North Korean regime is directly responsible for gross and widespread human rights violations that have taken the form of deliberate starvation, abduction, family separation, religious persecution, the trafficking of women and children, the world's worst system of inhumane prisons and gulags. Such conditions have understandably facilitated an exodus of North Korean refugees to bordering countries, where they also suffer unlawful and inhumane treatment in the form of forced repatriation to North Korea followed by arrest, torture and frequent, deliberate murder. China's acts of roundups and forced repatriation of the refugees make it complicit in these human rights violations and both gives its stamp of approval to North Korea's oppression. Further, China's political and financial support of the regime is the critical element that permits the regime to continue its human rights practices and, in the end, the nuclear and other WMD development programs by which it seeks to extract blackmail from the international community and to maintain itself in power.

More can and needs to be done by all members of the international community to ameliorate the human rights crisis in

North Korea and the threats to the world order that its regime poses. In particular, the government of South Korea has failed to speak out against the regime's treatment of its Korean brothers and sisters, is openly prepared to subsidize and legitimize the regime in exchange for promises of WMD reform, and has increasingly added to the difficulties and diminished the hopes, treatment and prospects of the North Korean refugees. The government of Russia has also alarmingly increased its political and material support for the North Korean regime and its policies.

Two further conditions exist that compel attention. First, the United Nations High Commission for Refugees has failed to take critical and available action to protect the North Korean refugees, to such an extent that its conduct has been defined by the North Korean Human Rights Act as an "abdication" of its "core responsibility." Second, the United States has not done all that it can and should to support North Korean human rights progress and to protect the North Korean refugees.

#### PRINCIPLES

1) We believe that any country now committing acts of terror against its own people is, by its very nature, a vital threat to its neighbors and the world. Consequently, we strongly believe that, as established by the North Korea Human Rights Act, the United States must adopt a Helsinki model in its negotiations with the North Korean regime and must ensure that the United States negotiation agenda will always include, at the highest level of priority, such human rights issues as family unification, rule of law development, religious freedom, prison monitoring, and needs-based food distribution.

2) We strongly believe that military action is neither called for nor needed in order to improve the conditions of the North Korean people or deal with the threats to the world order posed by the North Korean regime.

3) We continue to strongly believe what many of us said in our letter to the President of February 15, 2004:

[W]ere the ... regime to open up its WMD programs for inspection and ... agree, in seriously enforceable fashion, to renounce the use of those weapons against others ... we believe it would be fully appropriate for the United States, and others, to make binding, military non-aggression commitments to the regime.

However, we do not believe that financial aid should be given to the regime if it does no more than agree to curb its WMD activities. An exchange of promises whereby Pyongyang offers not to export its terrorism in exchange for license and subsidy from the United States to continue acts of brute terrorism against the people of North Korea would neither be moral, workable or realistic.

4) We strongly believe that significant human rights and WMD reforms should be reciprocated by significant United States assistance, and will make every effort to ensure that such support is provided once the reforms are in place.

5) We believe that the United States must do more to advance the cause of North Korean human rights and democratization.

6) We believe that the United Nations should immediately adopt the recommendations of the report of its Special Rapporteur for North Korea, the U.N. Human Rights Commission Resolution of April 5, 2005 and the Brownback-Wolf letter of April 6, 2005 to Secretary General Kofi Annan. Should China continue to deny the UNHCR full access to the North Korean refugees, we believe it urgent for the United Nations High Commission for Refugees to take more robust action to protect North Korean refugees and, at a minimum, to initiate binding, international arbitration proceedings against the government of China as authorized by the UNHCR-China treaty of December 1, 1995.

7) Critically, we believe that the government of China has not been adequately obliged to choose between good relations with the United States and the international community or its continued facilitation of the North Korean regime's human rights and other WMD development policies, and, most particularly, for its unlawful treatment of North Korean refugees in China. We further believe that the United States should make clear to China its willingness to share the costs and burdens of properly treating the North Korean refugees, including a willingness by the United States to accept some of the refugees for admission into the United States.

### CALL TO ACTION BY THE UNITED STATES

We believe that:

1) The President should rapidly appoint the Special Envoy for North Korean Human Rights, as provided by the North Korea Human Rights Act;

2) Congress should appropriate or the President should reprogram existing appropriations to ensure full funding for all programs authorized by the North Korean Human Rights Act, including an immediate increase of Voice of America and Radio Free Asia broadcasts into North Korea from three to twelve hours per day;

3) The President should direct that greater efforts be made by United States intelligence community to document and provide photographic evidence of the North Korean regime's gulags and its other human rights abuses;

4) Congress should rapidly enact the Brownback-Bayh or McCain-Kennedy expansions of S-2 visas for persons and their families who offer important information regarding the development of unlawful WMD programs:

5) The President should immediately initiate diplomatic negotiations with the government of Russia for the purpose of making clear that its current policies towards the North Korean regime will increasingly burden prospects for improved U.S.-Russian relations;

6) The President should immediately initiate diplomatic discussions with the governments of Poland, the Czech Republic, Romania and other former communist countries of Eastern Europe to seek their more public and robust leadership on behalf of a human rights based, Helsinki-model of diplomacy towards the North Korean regime;

7) The President should immediately initiate urgent diplomatic negotiations with the Secretary General of the United Nations to ensure immediate action by the United Nations High Commission for Refugees towards the government of China for its clear violations of the treaty rights of North Korean refugees;

8) Legislation modeled on the Jackson-Vanik and anti-apartheid laws should be immediately drafted, and actively considered, in response to China's grossly unlawful and inhumane treatment of North Korean refugees.

#### CONCLUSION

The undersigned represent Americans of all faiths and political persuasions. We are determined, on an urgent, priority basis, to focus the efforts of our country on the human rights and WMD abuses of the North Korean regime and on the actions of all governments and international institutions that make those abuses possible.

We strongly believe that doing so will advance the cause of peace, and that ignoring the regime's inhumane abuses against its own people, or entering into agreements that finance or legitimize the continuation of those abuses, will ultimately increase the risks of war.

We respect the sovereignty of North Korea, and oppose any military action against it by the United States or any other country.

We believe that, with encouragement from the Chinese government in particular, the policies of the North Korean regime can be transformed so that it abandons its WMD programs and dramatically improves its human rights record.

We believe that such reforms are, by far, the surest means of achieving the phased, long term and carefully negotiated unification of the two Koreas that serves the interests of all Koreans and the world community at large. In Bok Byun Director Korean-American Church Coalition Senior Pastor Seattle New Light Korean Church

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